

Structure of ^{68}Ni :

New insights on the low-lying 0^+ and 2^+ states
from two-neutron transfer on ^{66}Ni and β -decay of ^{68}Co

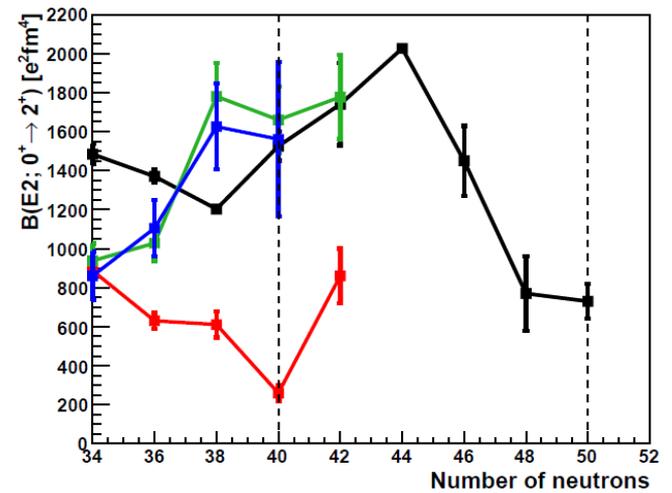
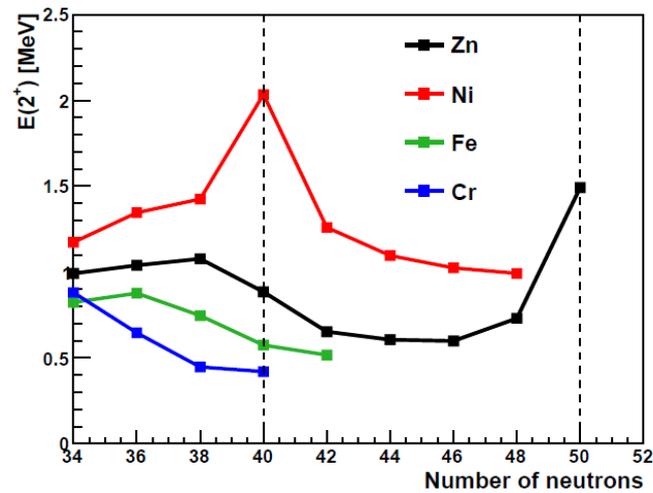
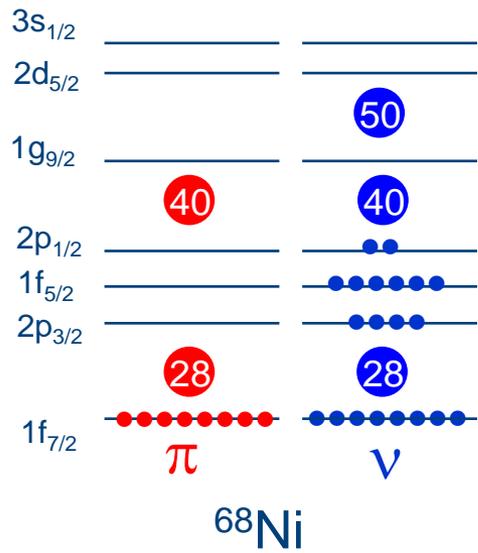
IS467 and IS504 collaborations

Freddy Flavigny

KU Leuven, Instituut voor Kern- en Stralingsfysica, Belgium



Motivation: Shell structure at Z=28 and N=40



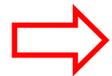
(See also K. Wimmer's talk on Friday, session 4A)

Motivation: Shell structure at Z=28 and N=40

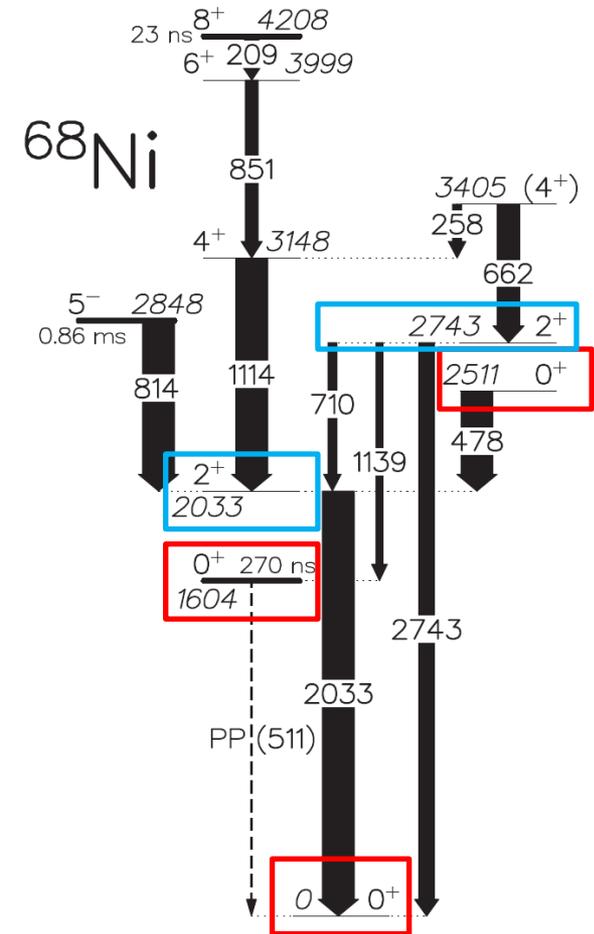
Recent experimental work:

- J. Elseviers et al., to be submitted.
- F. Flavigny et al., to be submitted.
- S. Suchyta et al., PRC **89**, 021301R (2013)
- F. Recchia et al., PRC **88**, 041302R (2013)
- R. Broda et al., PRC **86**, 064312 (2012)
- C. J. Chiara et al., PRC **86**, 041304R (2012)
- A. Dijon et al., PRC **85**, 031301R (2012)

- Precise position and firm spin/parity assignment:



Three 0⁺ states and two 2⁺ states below 2.8 MeV



Level scheme from F. Recchia et al.
PRC80, 041302R (2013)

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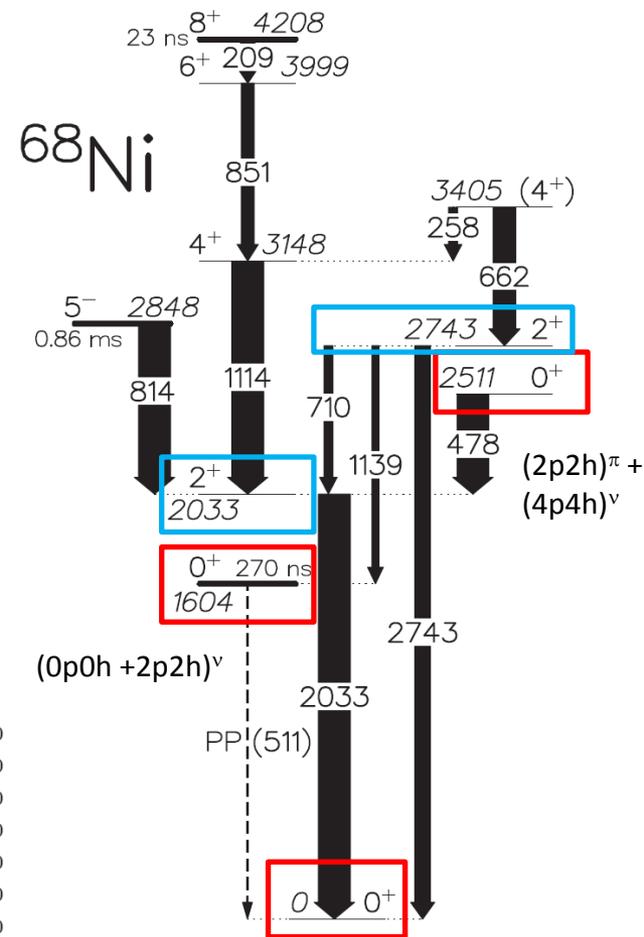
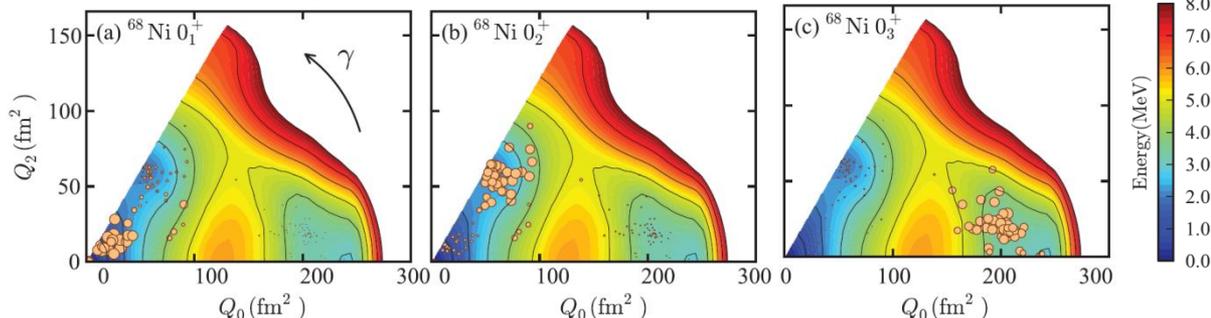
- *Precise position and firm spin/parity assignment:*



Three 0⁺ states and two 2⁺ states below 2.8 MeV

State of the art shell model calculations (MCSM [1], SM [2],)

Suggests deformed states and shape coexistence



Level scheme from F. Recchia et al.
PRC80, 041302R (2013)

→ New picture : need to characterize these states

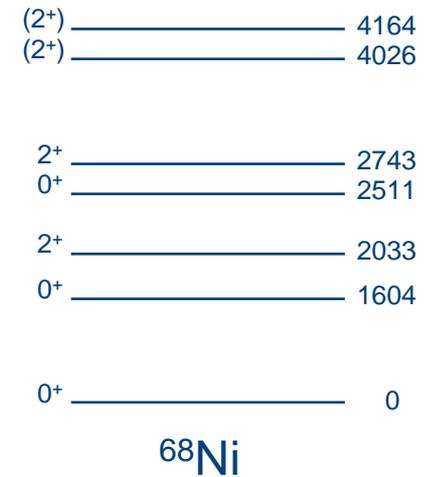
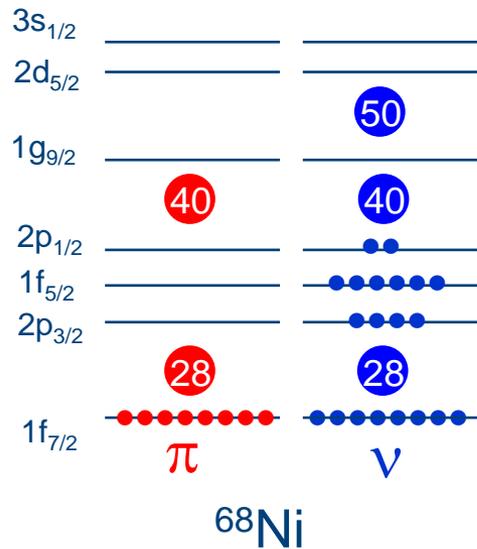
Experimental approach: 2 complementary data sets

IS504

- Nature of 0^+ states in ^{68}Ni
→ $2\nu-2\text{h}$
- Conf. Mixing of 0^+_{1} and 0^+_{2}

PhD thesis, J. Elseviers

$^{66}\text{Ni}(t,p)^{68}\text{Ni}$

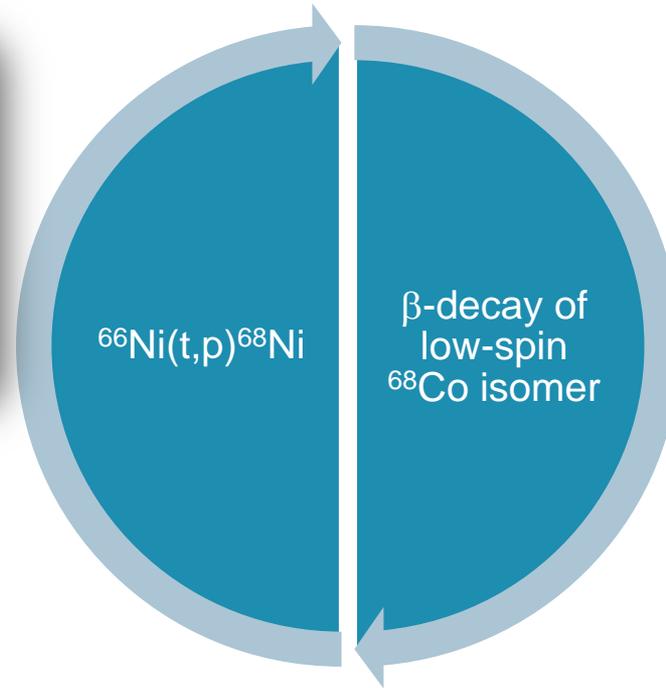
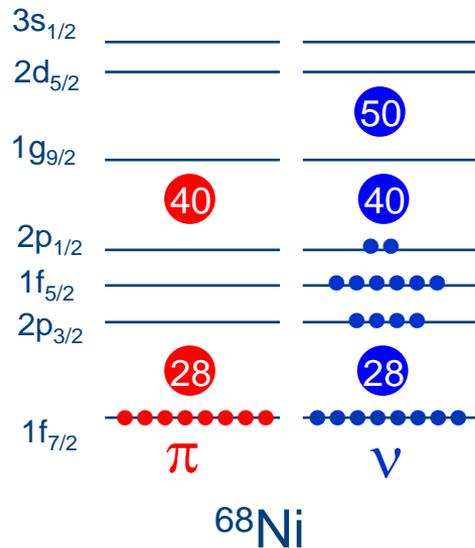


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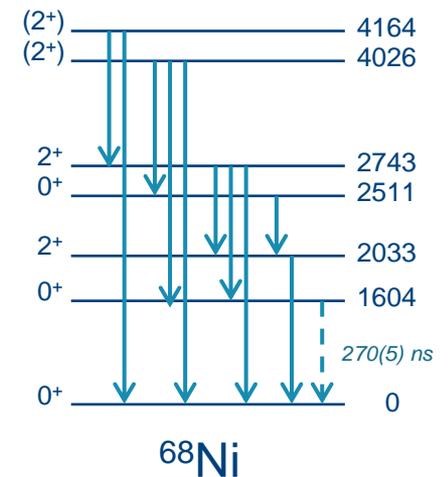
- Nature of **0⁺ states** in ⁶⁸Ni
→ 2ν-2h
- Conf. Mixing of 0⁺₁ and 0⁺₂

PhD thesis, J. Elseviers



IS467 (A=68)

- Revised decay scheme
- β-γ-E0 coincidences
- 2⁺ to 0⁺ connections
- Exp. **B(E2) ratios**



β -decay studies in the ^{68}Ni region using resonant laser ionization

Facility: ISOLDE (p (1.4GeV) \rightarrow UC_x)
thick & hot target

● **A=68**

● **Pure Mn sources**

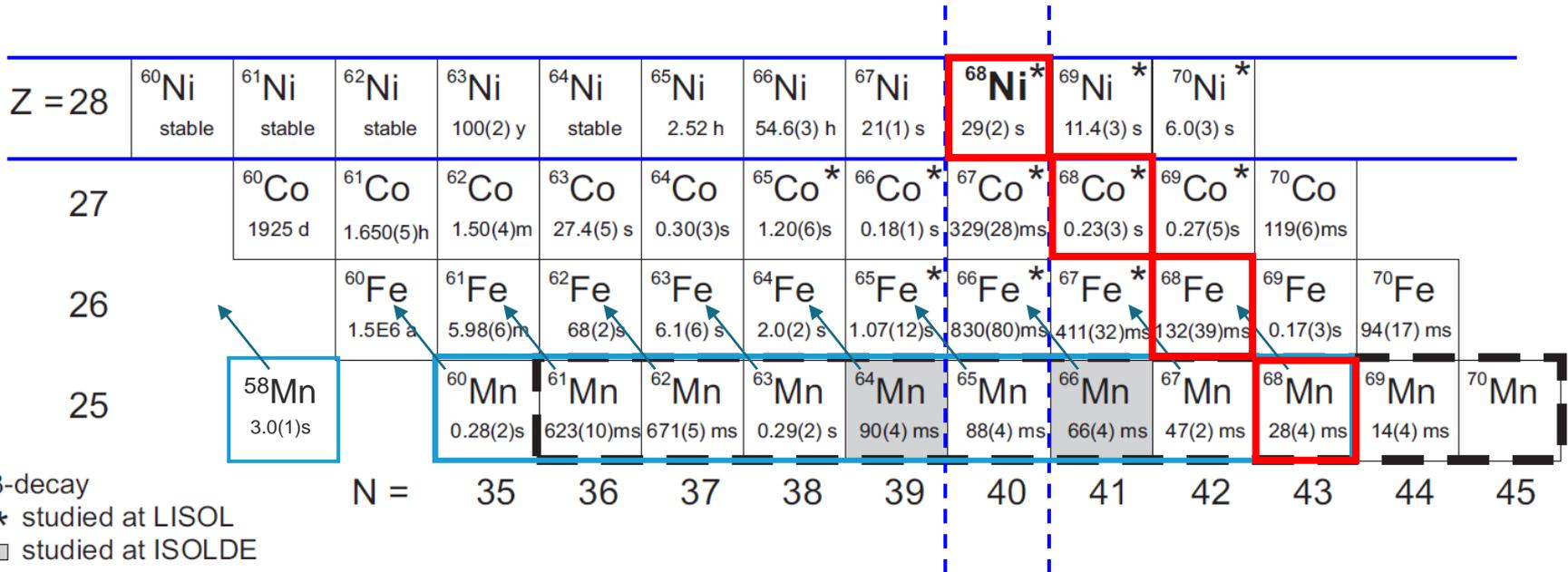
- Z selection: Laser ionisation (RILIS)
- A/Q selection: Spectrometer (HRS)

- Previous exp. : 2 isomers in ^{68}Co

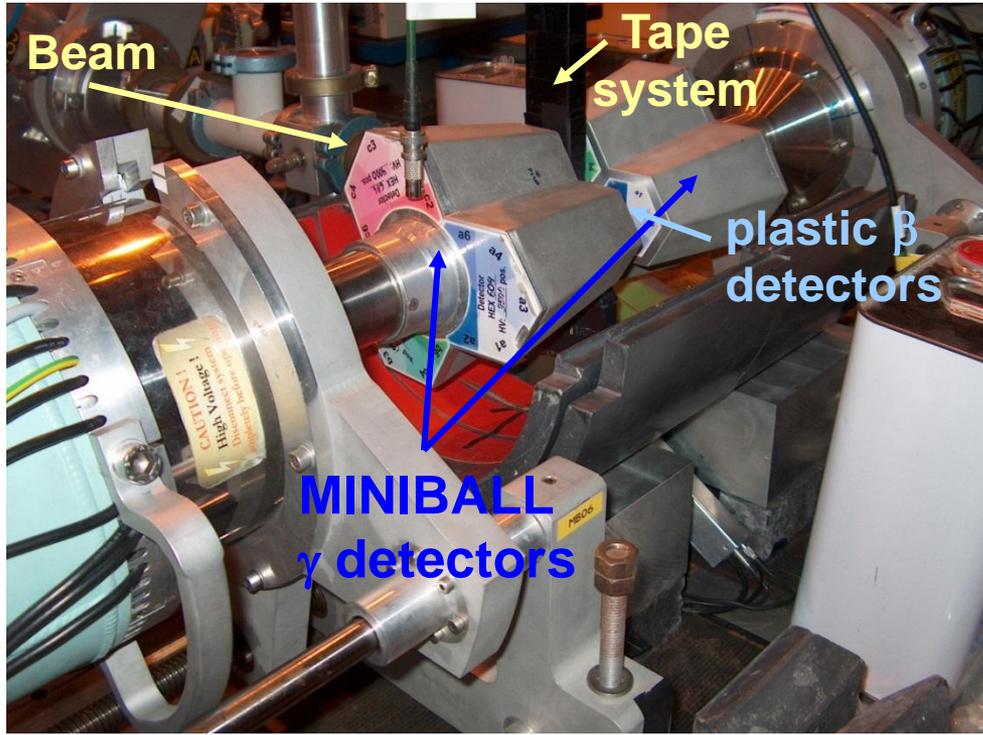
● (7⁻) $T_{1/2} = 0,23(3)$ s

● **(1⁺,3⁺) $T_{1/2} = 1,6(3)$ s**

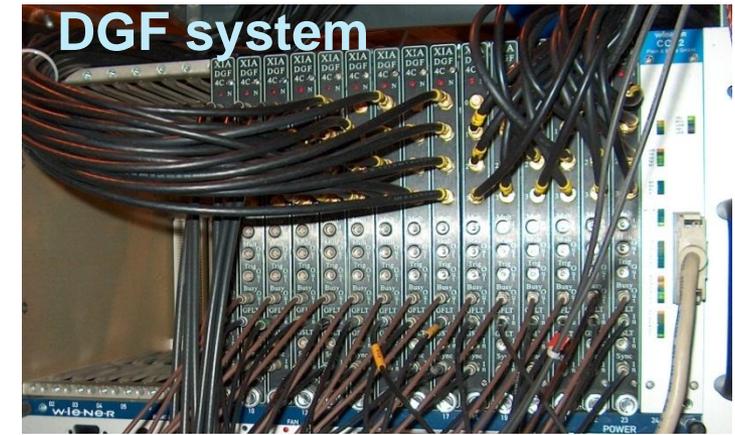
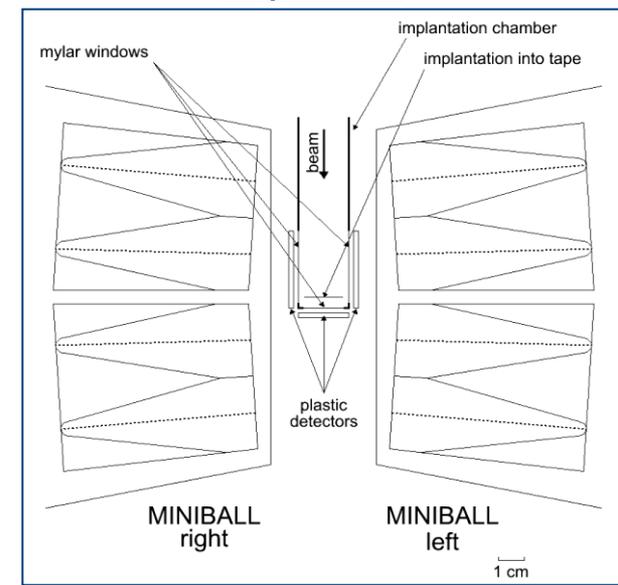
- ISOLDE: **Selectivity of $^{68}\text{Fe}_{gs}$ (0⁺) decay**



LISOL β - γ detection setup at ISOLDE

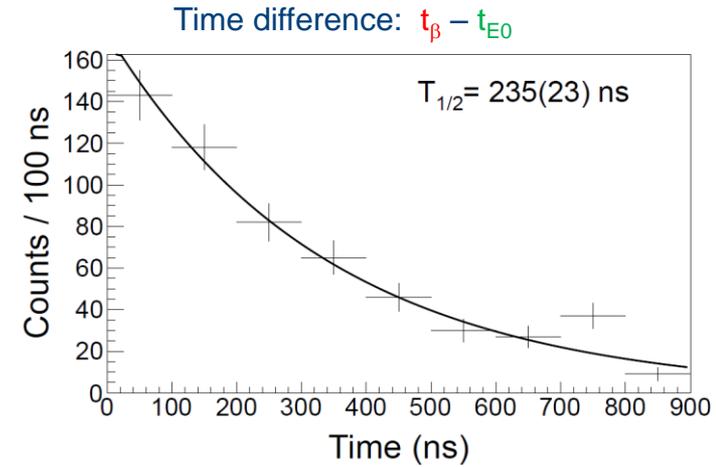
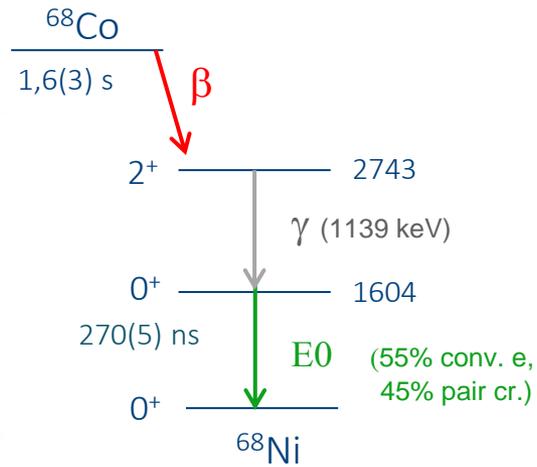
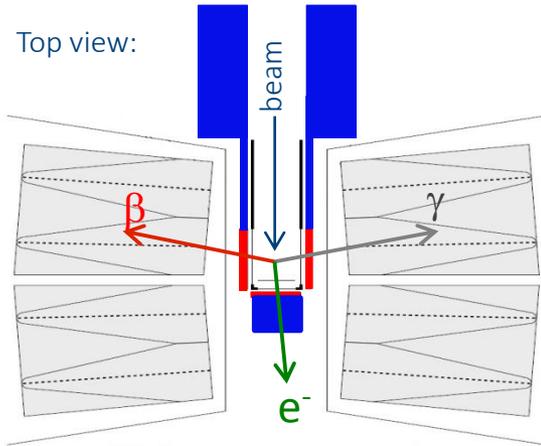


Top view

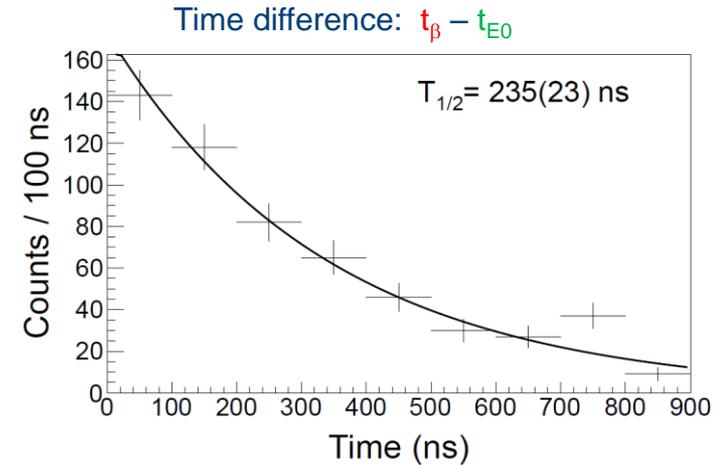
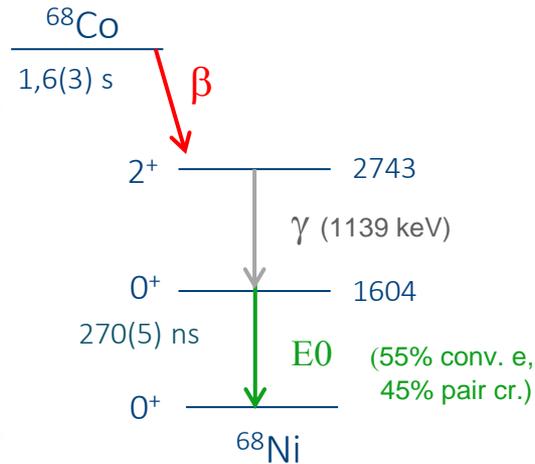
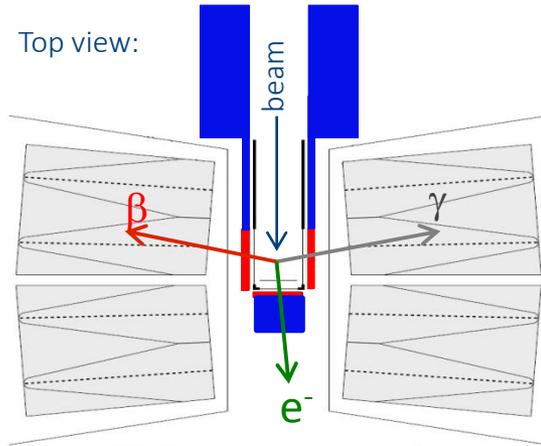


MINIBALL: 5.8% photo-peak efficiency at 1.332 MeV
3 plastic detectors: 50% beta efficiency
DGF system: digital read-out on event-by-event basis
Polyethylene-borax-lead-brass shielding

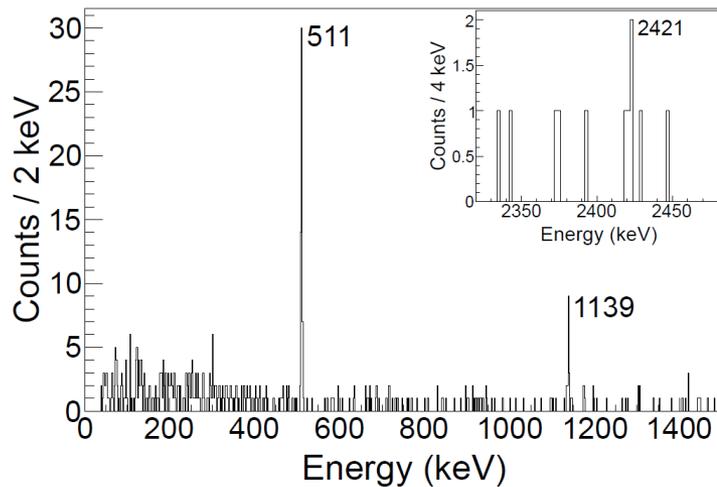
Feeding of 0^+_2 state in ^{68}Ni : β - γ -E0 coincidences



Feeding of 0^+_2 state in ^{68}Ni : β - γ -E0 coincidences



Coincident γ rays



β - γ -E0 coincidences (590 events) :

- Highly selective signal
- 1139 and 2421 keV feeding 0^+_2
- $E(0^+_2) = 1603,6(6)$ keV in agreement

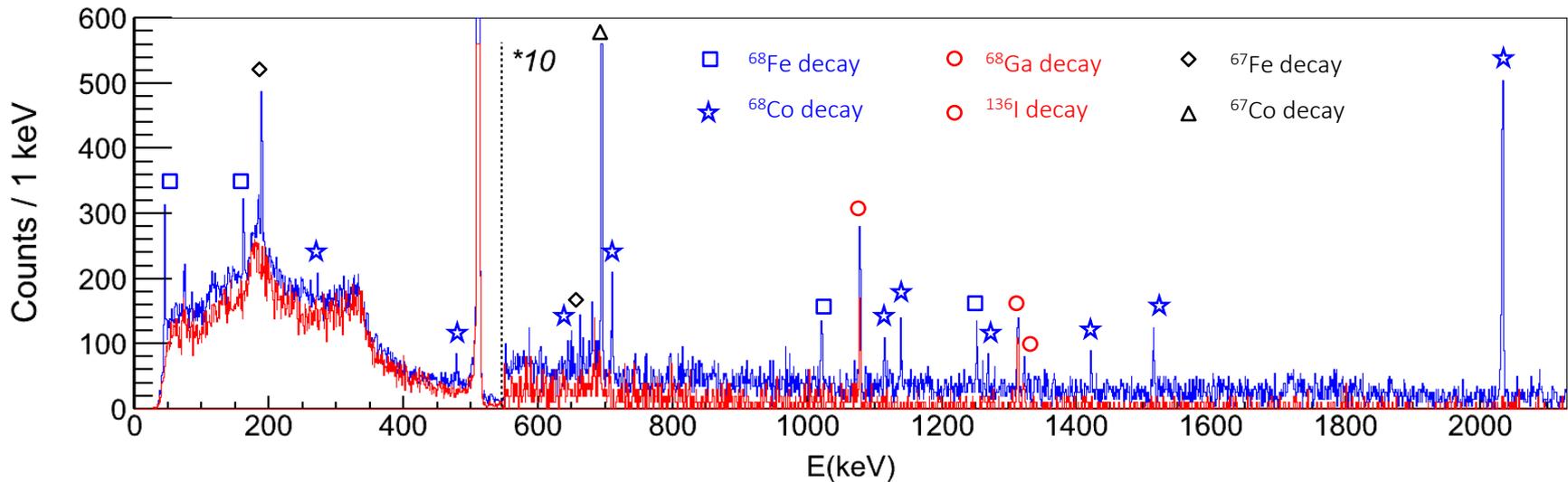
1603,5(3) in [1].
1605(3) in [2]

- $I_{\text{rel}}(0^+_2 \rightarrow 0^+_1) = 19(8) \%$

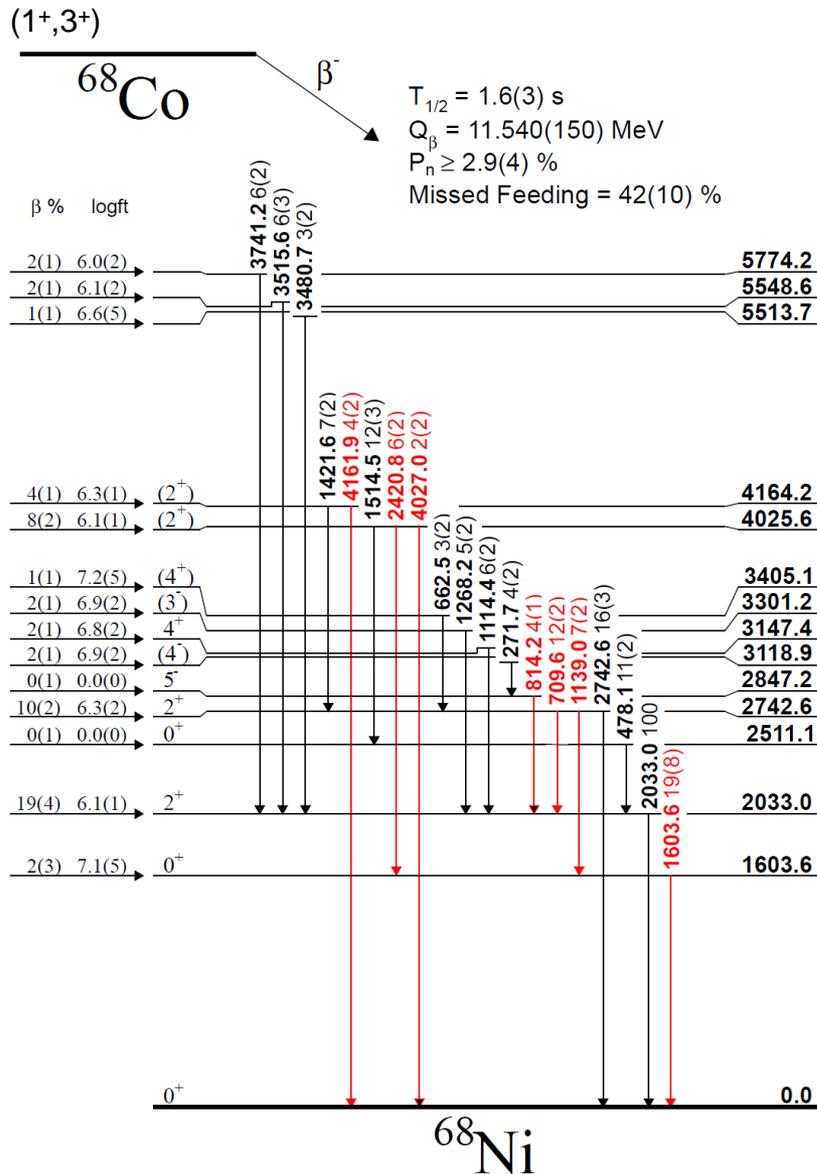
β - γ coincidences

- Time condition: $t_\beta - t_{pp}$ in [350,2200] ms
→ to avoid ^{68}Mn decay ($T_{1/2} = 28(3)$ ms)

- Clean ^{68}Co low-spin spectrum
 - Low bkg (shielding)
 - Laser ionisation (RILIS)
 - Mass separation (HRS)
 - Selectivity of the $^{68}\text{Fe}_{gs}$ (0+) decay
- Grand daughter decay
 - 1/3 statistics previous LISOL studies [1]
- Beta-delayed n branches

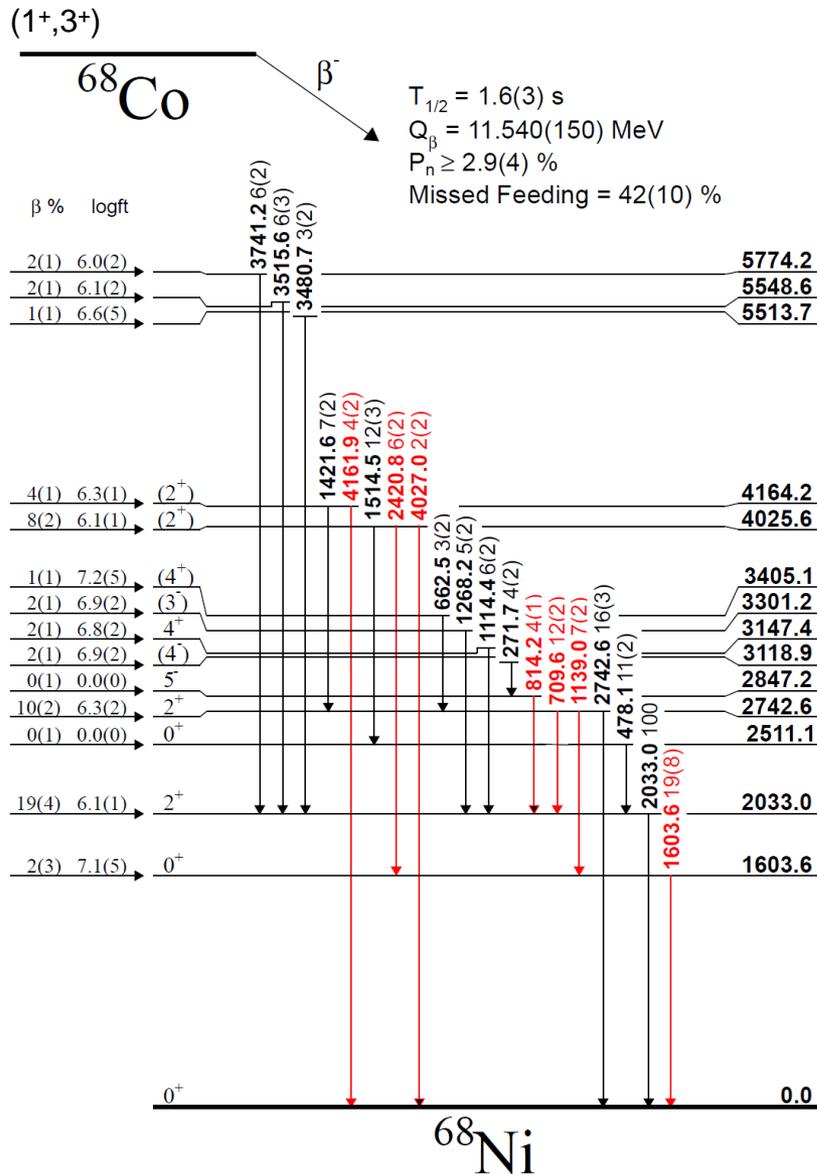


Revised decay scheme



- **New:**
 - 710 keV intensity (clean, no high spin)
 - 1139 and 2421 keV placement
 - Removed 694 keV (after β -delayed n)
 - 814 keV intensity - 5^- isomer
 - $I_{\text{rel}}(0^+_2 \rightarrow 0^+_1) = 19(8) \%$
- **Upper limits:**
 - $I_{\text{rel}}(0^+_3 \rightarrow 0^+_2) < 2(1) \%$
 - $I_{\text{rel}}(0^+_3 \rightarrow 0^+_2)$
 - $I_{\text{rel}}(0^+_3 \rightarrow 0^+_1)$ } $< 4(1) \%$

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Int. balance: test of completeness in the full $A=68$ chain

- Determination of missed feeding:
 - Direct β feeding of gs
 - Direct β -del.n feeding to gs or isomeric state
 - Missed E0 decay
 - Missed γ ray feeding to gs or isomeric states

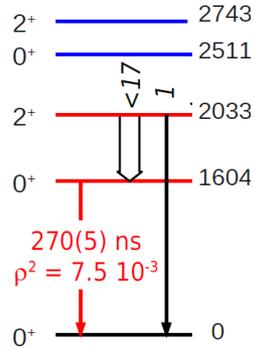
Missed feeding: 42(10)%

-> No conclusion on spin assignment from β -feeding

B(E2) ratios

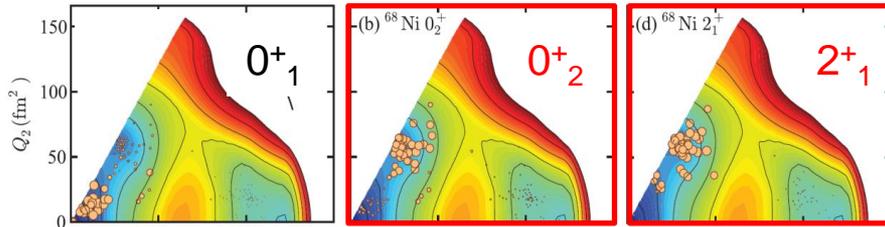
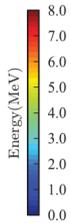
From experiment:

(2⁺) — 4164
(2⁺) — 4026



⁶⁸Ni

MCSM [2]



Exp. VS SM calculations:

1 – Using the LNPS interaction [1]

2 – Monte-Carlo shell model calculations [2]

$$R = \frac{B(E2, 2_i^+ \rightarrow I^+)}{B(E2, 2_i^+ \rightarrow 0_1^+)}$$

Main results:

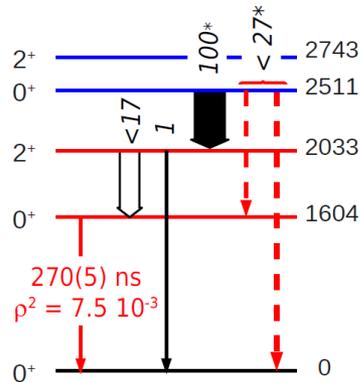
• 2⁺₁ → 0⁺₂

$I_{\text{rel}} < 0.7(2) \% \rightarrow R < 17$ Th: R=12 (MCSM), 4 (LNPS)

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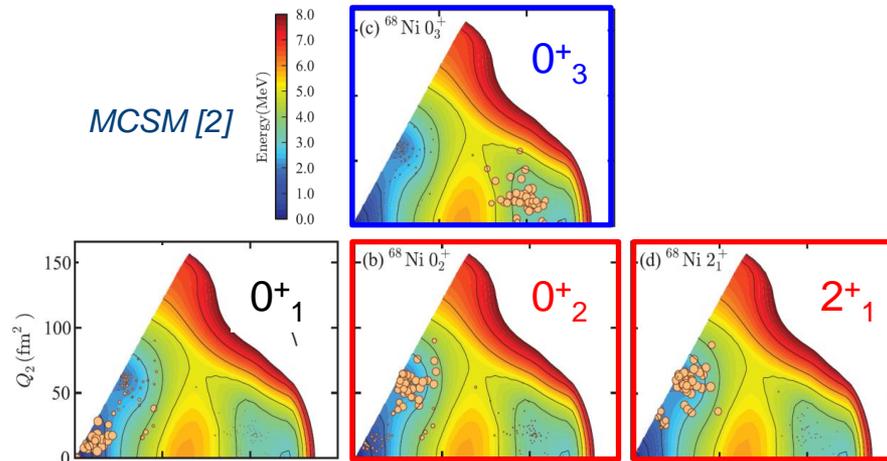
• 2⁺₁ → 0⁺₂

$I_{rel} < 0.7(2) \% \rightarrow R < 17$ Th: R=12 (MSCM), 4 (LNPS)

• 0⁺₃ → 2⁺₁

Th. partial $T_{1/2}$ of **108 and 1.5 ns** (MSCM, LNPS)

Big difference : lifetime measurement needed.



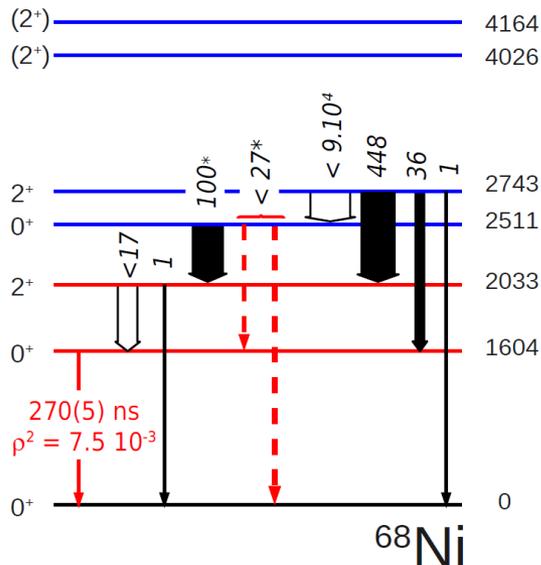
[1] S. Lenzi et al., PRC82 054301 (2010)

[2] Y. Tsunoda et al., PRC89 031301R (2014)

[3] $\delta(E2/M1) = -1.5^{+0.9}_{-1.2}$ from C.J. Chiara et al, PRC86 041304R (2012)

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Main results:

- $2^+_1 \rightarrow 0^+_2$

$I_{rel} < 0.7(2)\%$ → **R < 17** Th: R=12 (MSCM), 4 (LNPS)

- $0^+_3 \rightarrow 2^+_1$

Th. partial $T_{1/2}$ of **108 and 1.5 ns** (MSCM, LNPS)

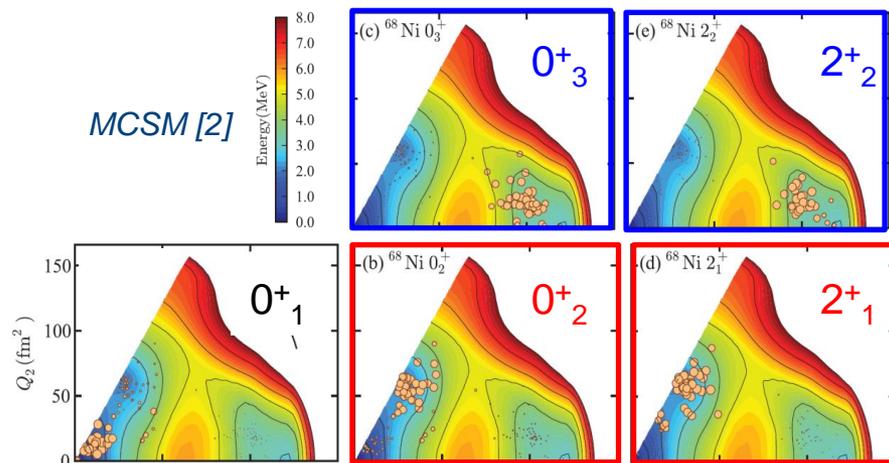
Big difference : lifetime measurement needed.

- $2^+_2 \rightarrow 2^+_1$

$I_{rel} = 11(2)\%$ → **R = 448⁺¹⁸⁵₋₃₁₁** using [3]

Higher than published values [4]

R = 29 and 278 (MSCM, LNPS)



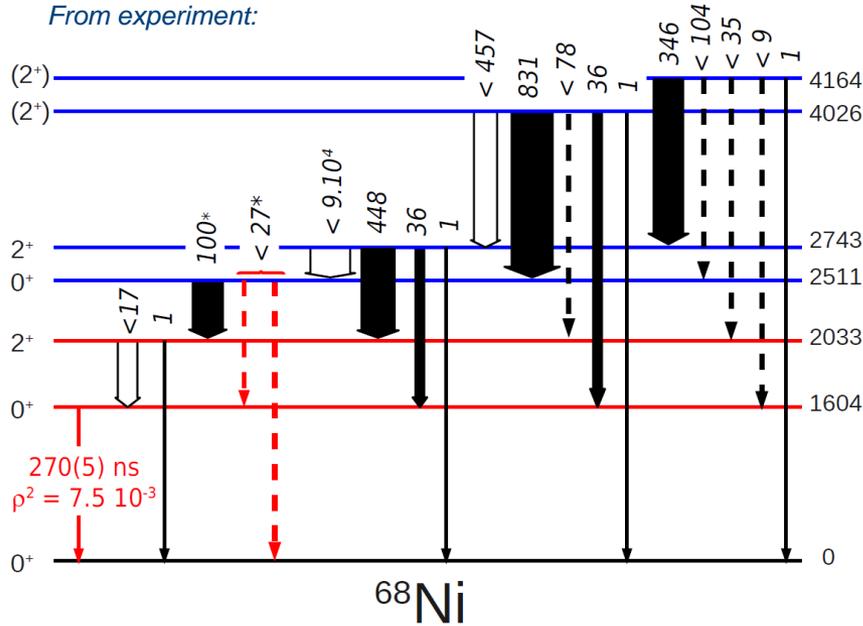
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Main results:

- $2_1^+ \rightarrow 0_2^+$

$I_{rel} < 0.7(2) \% \rightarrow R < 17$ Th: $R=12$ (MSCM), 4 (LNPS)

- $0_3^+ \rightarrow 2_1^+$

Th. partial $T_{1/2}$ of **108 and 1.5 ns** (MSCM, LNPS)

Big difference : lifetime measurement needed.

- $2_2^+ \rightarrow 2_1^+$

$I_{rel} = 11(2)\% \rightarrow R = 448^{+185}_{-311}$ using [3]

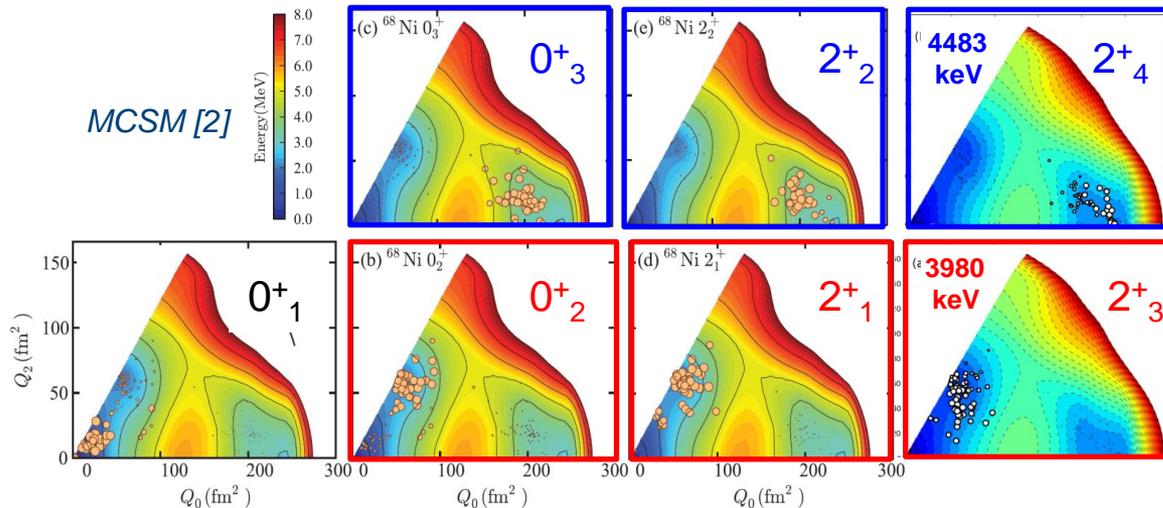
Higher than published values [4]

$R = 29$ and 278 (MSCM, LNPS)

- 2_3^+ and 2_4^+

Qualitative **agreement** for (2_4^+)

Significant **discrepancies** for (2_3^+)



[1] S. Lenzi et al., PRC82 054301 (2010)

[2] Y. Tsunoda et al., PRC89 031301R (2014)

Two-neutron transfer reaction: $^{66}\text{Ni}(t,p)^{68}\text{Ni}$

$^{66}\text{Ni}(t,p)^{68}\text{Ni}$: Experimental Setup



Resonant Laser Ion Source

- Z-selectivity

Mass separation

- A/Q-selectivity

Post-acceleration (REX-ISOLDE)

$^{66}\text{Ni}(t,p)^{68}\text{Ni}$

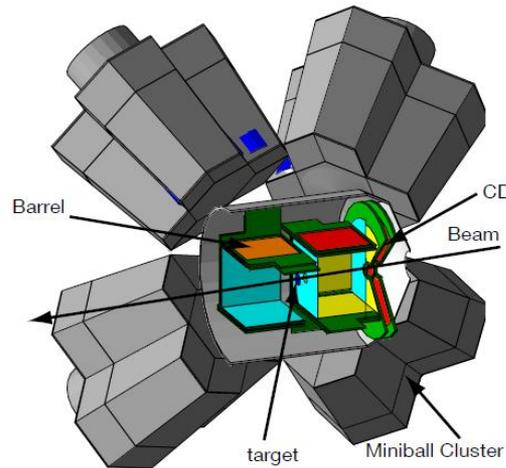
- Beam energy: 2.6 MeV/u
- Intensity $\sim 2.0 \times 10^6$ pps
- Beam purity >86%
- Target : 500 mg/cm²
³H loaded Ti (40 mg/cm² ³H)
- Measurement time: ~ 100 h

• Proton detection in T-REX:

- Identification
- Energy
- Angular distribution

• γ detection in Miniball:

- Energy
- Angular distribution
(Doppler correction)



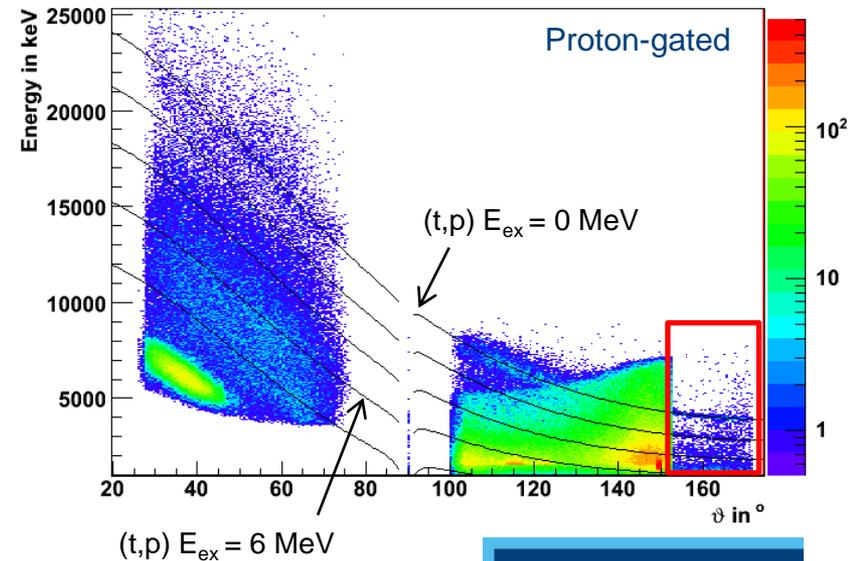
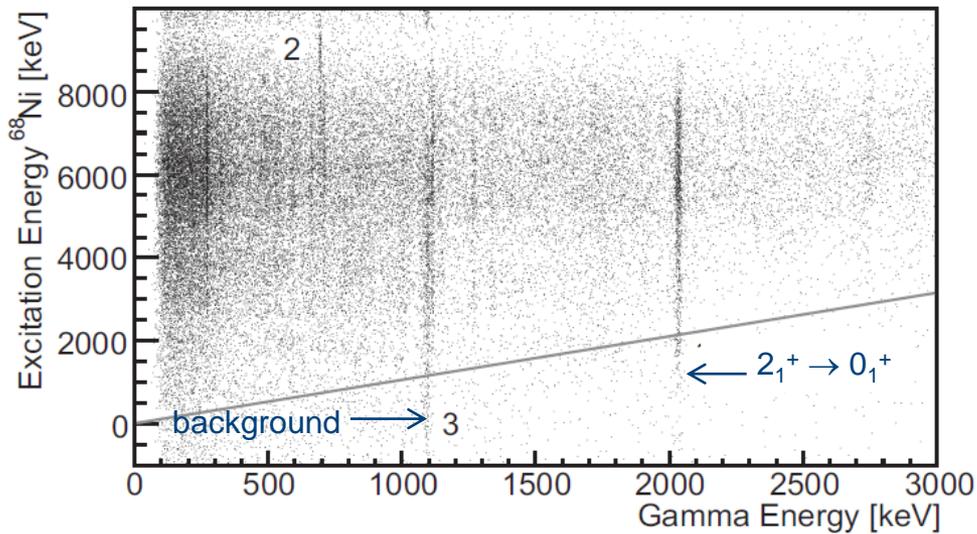
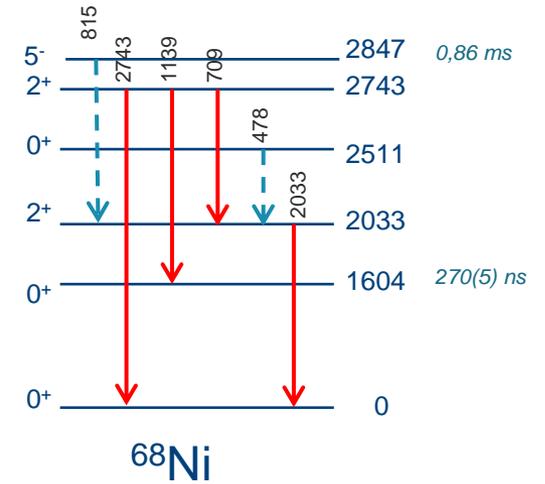
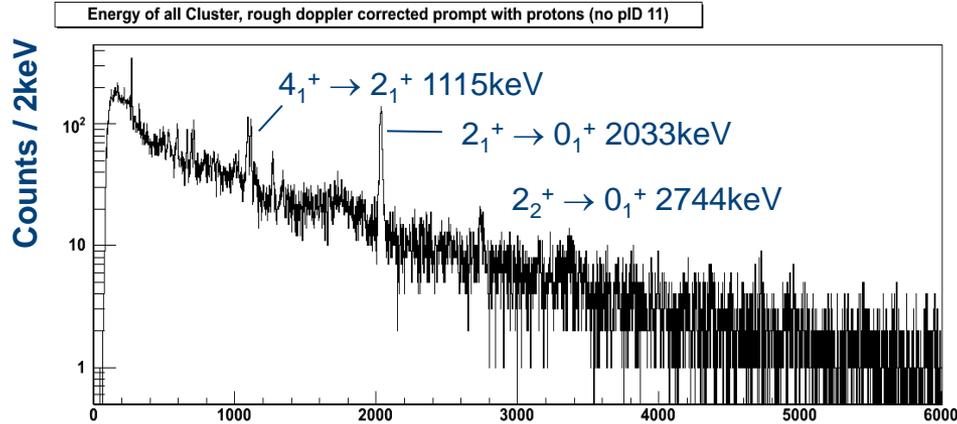
- 8 DE-E_{rest} Barrel det.
- 1 DE-E_{rest} CD detectors
- 8 Miniball triple (HPGe) clusters
- Crystals: 6-fold segmented
- 5% efficiency at 1.33 MeV

${}^3\text{H}({}^{66}\text{Ni},\text{p}){}^{68}\text{Ni}$: Results

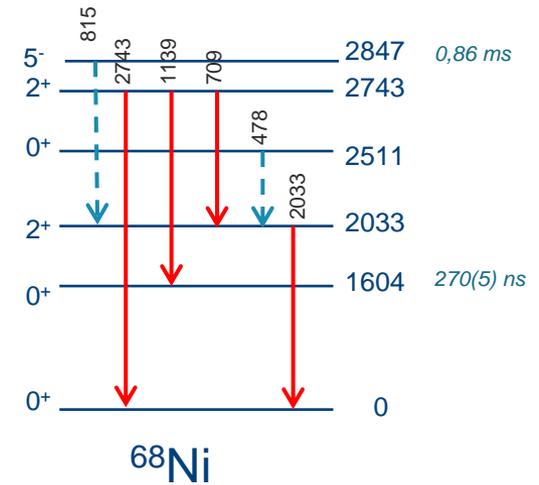
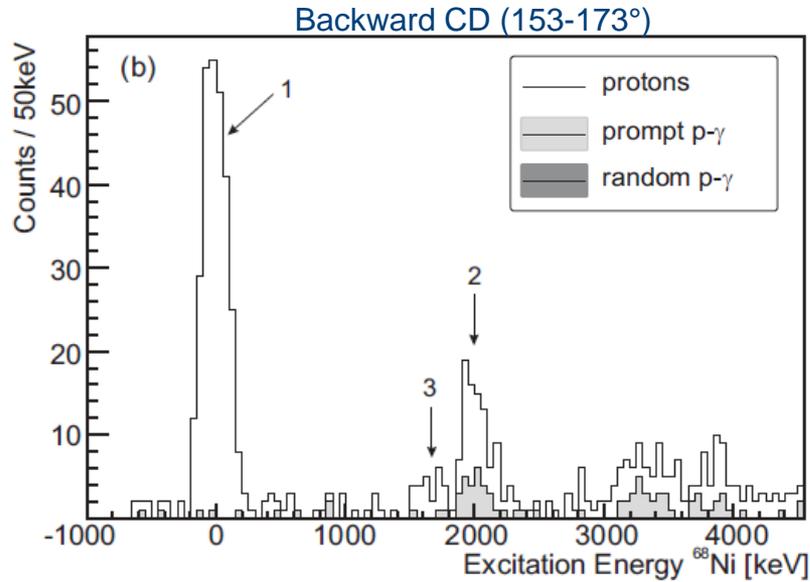
${}^{66}\text{Ni}({}^3\text{H},1\text{H}){}^{68}\text{Ni}$

$Q = 5.12$ MeV

Proton - gamma coincidences



$^3\text{H}(^{66}\text{Ni},p)^{68}\text{Ni}$: Backward CD



CD data only

- Population of 0_2^+ and 2_1^+ states

$E = 1621(28)$ keV - **4.8(16) % of gs**

$E = 2033(10)$ keV - **28(4) % of gs**

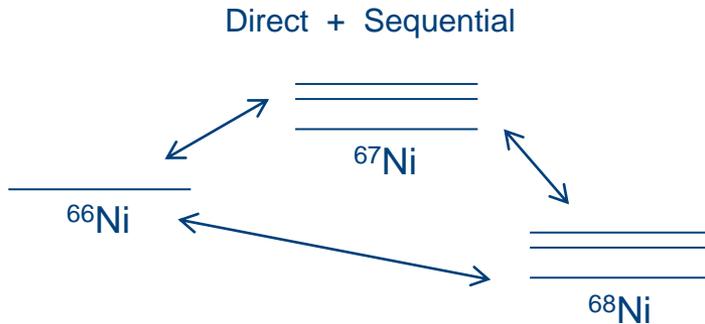
- Non-observed direct population of 0_3^+ , 2_2^+ and 2_3^+ states

0_3^+ (2512 keV) < 2% based on 478 keV transition

2_2^+ (2744 keV) < 4% based on 709 keV transition

2_3^+ (4026 keV) < 3% based on 1515 keV transition

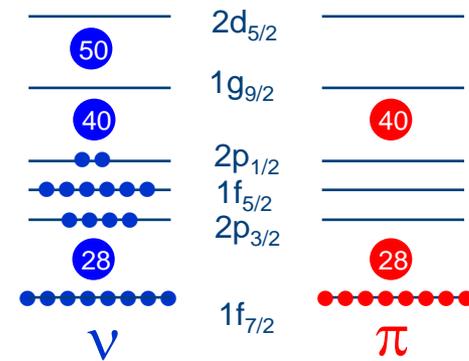
Two-neutron transfer :



Parameters of our calculations:

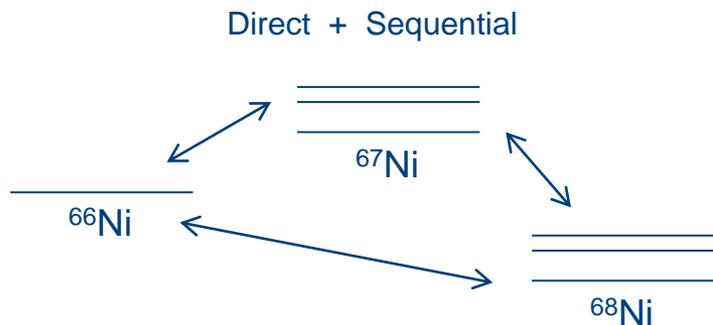
- Finite-range DWBA (code FRESCO^[1])
- Glob. Pot. : $^3\text{H}+^{66}\text{Ni}$ and $^1\text{H}+^{68}\text{Ni}$
- **Two nucleon overlap amplitudes (TNA's)**
 - Code: NUSHELL (A. Brown, MSU) [2]
 - Interaction jj44pna from [3]
 - Model space: $f_{5/2}, p_{3/2}, p_{1/2}, g_{9/2}$
 - Calculated ^{68}Ni energies

$$E(0^+_2) = 1593 \text{ keV}, E(2^+_1) = 2077 \text{ keV}$$



Reaction + Structure model

Two-neutron transfer :

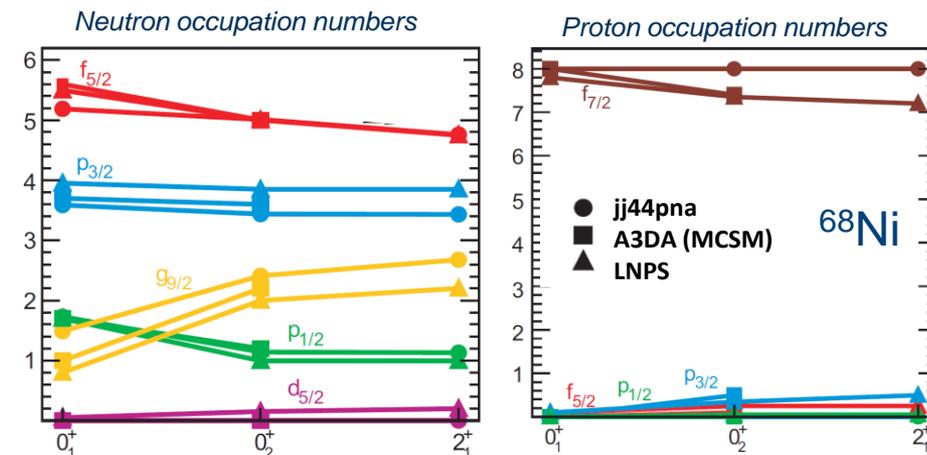
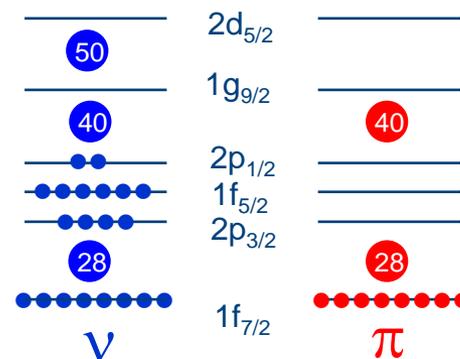


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- Model space: $f_{5/2}, p_{3/2}, p_{1/2}, g_{9/2}$
- Calculated ^{68}Ni energies

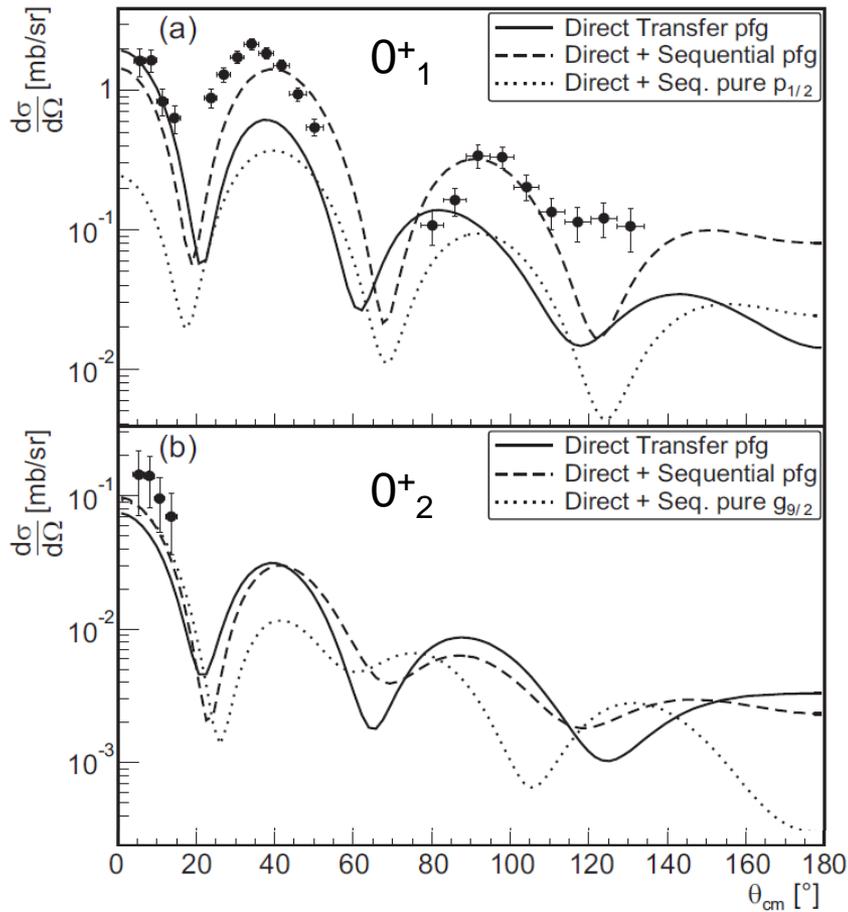
$$E(0^+_2) = 1593 \text{ keV}, E(2^+_1) = 2077 \text{ keV}$$



Average number of neutrons in a given state:

jj44pna	$f_{5/2}$	$p_{3/2}$	$p_{1/2}$	$g_{9/2}$				
^{66}Ni gs	4,53	3,34	1,07	1,06				
^{68}Ni gs	5,19	+0,66	3,59	+0,25	1,73	+0,66	1,49	+0,43
^{68}Ni 0^+_2	5,01	+0,48	3,44	+0,10	1,14	+0,07	2,41	+1,35

$^{66}\text{Ni}(^3\text{H},p)^{68}\text{Ni}$: Angular distributions



Conclusions:

- Reasonable agreement th/exp for $0^+_{1,2}$ states

Small CM angles

Th: $\sigma(0^+_{2}) / \sigma(0^+_{1})$ in [3 ; 7] %

Exp: $\sigma(0^+_{2}) / \sigma(0^+_{1}) = 4.8(16)$ %

→ Validation of structure input

- No scaling of theory to experiment
- Shape very sensitive to intermediate state properties

- First exp. evidence that 0^+_{2} in ^{68}Ni is a neutron excitation above N=40**

- **Future experiments at HIE-ISOLDE in the region of ^{68}Ni :**
 - $^{80}\text{Zn}(d,p)^{81}\text{Zn}$, [R. Orlandi *et al.*, INTC-2012-051 P-352]
 - $^{70}\text{Ni}(d,p)^{71}\text{Ni}$, [J.J Valiente Dobon *et al.*, INTC-2012-050 P-351]
 - $^{68}\text{Ni}(d,p)^{69}\text{Ni}$, [accepted]
 - $d_{5/2}$ single particle strength above $N=50$
 - **Coulomb excitation of ^{68}Ni , ^{70}Ni**
 - Absolute $B(E2)$ values
 - **Decay of ^{68}Mn with the new ISOLDE Decay Station** [accepted]
 - Lifetime of $0^+_{3} \rightarrow 2^+_{1}$ transition (478 keV)